

Chapter 6 (Geography)

Worksheet 1: Objective-type questions

NAME: _____

CLASS/SEC: _____

DATE: _____

A. Choose the correct options.

1. Earth ismillion km from the sun. (150/160/170)
2. There areheat zones in the world. (2/3/4)
3. Thereceives the vertical rays of sun (Arctic Circle/Tropics/Equator)
4. The freezing point of water isdegree Celsius. (0/1/2)
5. Only of 100 units of solar radiation reach the surface of Earth. (50/51/52)
6. The boiling point of waterdegree Celsius. (98/99/100)
7. The thermometer used to measure the maximum and minimum temperatures of a day is theMaximum and Minimum Thermometer. (Six's/Seven's/Eight's)
8. Cyclonic rainfall is common in the (wetlands/tropical seas/plains).
9. Nimbus is a form of (frost/fog/cloud).
10. There are types of barometers. (2/3/4)
11. There are pressure belts.(3/4/5)
12. There are types of planetary winds. (2/4/3)
13. The Odisha super cyclone happened onOctober 1999. (29th/30th/31st)
14. There aretypes of rainfall. (2/3/4)

B. State whether the following statements are true or false.

1. Weather does not stay the same for a long time_____
2. Satellite images are not used for weather forecasting_____
3. The sun is the primary source of heat and light in Earth_____
4. The Torrid Zone is the coolest heat zone of Earth_____
5. Insolation plays a major role in determining a place's temperature_____
6. Fahrenheit is the more commonly used scale_____
7. Air puts pressure on everything on earth's surface_____
8. Air pressure is lowest at sea level_____
9. Permanent pressure belts shift towards the north in the summer_____
10. Air normally flows from low pressure to high pressure_____

C. Name them.

1. This is wind that changes directions with the season_____
2. These winds blow for short periods of time and change their direction and speed on a regular basis_____
3. This is air that has the maximum possible amount of water vapour that can be held by it at that time_____
4. This instrument is used to measure the direction of wind_____
5. This instrument is used to gauge the speed of wind_____
6. These winds blow from high to low pressure belts_____
7. This is the other name for low pressure belts in Equator_____
8. This was the maximum speed of winds during the Odisha super cyclone_____
9. This is the actual amount of water vapour in a particular amount of water at a certain temperature_____
10. This is the most common form of precipitation_____